REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE GRAVES COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE GRAVES COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2006

Romaine & Associates, PLLC has completed the audit of the Graves County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Graves County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$40,492,355 as of June 30, 2006. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,333,511 and restricted net assets of \$399,530 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2006, with total net assets of \$40,440,918. In its enterprise fund, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$51,437 with total net assets of \$51,437. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2006 of \$4,084,383 with \$1,050,395 due within the next year.

Deposits:

The fiscal court deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities on June 30, 2006. However, the fiscal court deposits were not insured and collateralized by bank securities on February 28, 2006. The unsecured amount at February 28, 2006 was \$145,032.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Krista Romaine, CPA, Member Charlotte Clark, Member

William Erwin, CPA Van R. Prince, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
John R. Farris, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Tony Smith, Graves County Judge/Executive
Members of the Graves County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Graves County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Graves County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Graves County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Graves County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statement. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor John R. Farris, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Honorable Tony Smith, Graves County Judge/Executive Members of the Graves County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Graves County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation of the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2007 on our consideration of Graves County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Krista Romaine, CPA

Krista Romaine, CPA Romaine & Associates, PLLC

January 29, 2007

GRAVES COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

Fiscal Court Members:

Tony Smith

County Judge/Executive

Romey Holmes

Magistrate

Charles Reeves

Magistrate

Jeffrey Howard

Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

John Cunnningham

County Attorney

Randy Haley

Jailer

Barry Kennemore

County Clerk

Nedra Hall

Circuit Court Clerk

John Davis

Sheriff

Howell Carr

Property Valuation Administrator

Phillip McClain

Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Vickie McClain

County Treasurer

Codie Courtney

Finance Officer

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Bu			iness-Type		
		Activities	A	ctivities		Totals
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_\$_	1,733,041	_\$	51,437	\$	1,784,478
Total Current Assets	\$	1,733,041	\$	51,437		1,784,478
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Land and Land Improvements	\$	276,270	\$		\$	276,270
Buildings		6,800,617				6,800,617
Other Equipment		96,522				96,522
Vehicles and Equipment		1,176,188				1,176,188
Infrastructure Assets - Net						
of Depreciation		34,442,663				34,442,663
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	42,792,260	\$		\$	42,792,260
Total Assets	\$	44,525,301	\$	51,437	\$	44,576,738
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	\$	285,000	\$		\$	285,000
Financing Obligations Payable		765,395				765,395
Total Current Liabilities	\$	1,050,395	\$		\$	1,050,395
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	\$	1,780,000	\$		\$	1,780,000
Financing Obligations Payable		1,253,988				1,253,988
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	3,033,988	\$		\$	3,033,988
Total Liabilities	\$	4,084,383	\$		\$	4,084,383
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$	38,707,877	\$		\$	38,707,877
Restricted For:						
Debt Service		399,530				399,530
Unrestricted		1,333,511		51,437		1,384,948
Total Net Assets	\$	40,440,918	\$	51,437	\$	40,492,355

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

				Program Revenues Received						
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and ntributions		
Primary Government:		•								
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	2,681,511	\$	1,800	\$	95,906	\$	265,316		
Protection to Persons and Property		1,825,828		917,402		225,420		8,789		
General Health and Sanitation		47,394						12,570		
Social Services		14,926								
Recreation and Culture		194,540								
Roads		4,121,538				316,774		1,622,527		
Airports		13,914								
Interest on Long Term Debt		199,720		233,634						
Total Governmental Activities	_\$	9,099,371	\$	1,152,836	\$	638,100	\$	1,909,202		
Business-type Activities:										
Jail Canteen	_\$_	133,069	\$	134,327	\$		\$			
Total Business-type Activities	\$	133,069	\$	134,327	\$		\$			
Total Primary Government	_\$_	9,232,440	\$	1,287,163	\$	638,100	\$	1,909,202		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
In Lieu of Tax Payments
Excess Fees
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Legal Process
Miscellaneous Revenues
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets

Total General Revenues and Transfers Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

	and Changes in Net Assets							
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Prima	ry Government	:				
	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities						
\$	(2,318,489) (674,217) (34,824) (14,926) (194,540) (2,182,237) (13,914) 33,914	\$		\$	(2,318,489) (674,217) (34,824) (14,926) (194,540) (2,182,237) (13,914) 33,914			
\$	(5,399,233)			\$	(5,399,233)			
\$ \$		<u>\$</u>	1,258 1,258	<u>\$</u>	1,258 1,258			
\$	(5,399,233)		1,258		(5,397,975)			
\$	1,227,755 8,990 197,180 1,418,392 121,821 285,535 18,404 194 1,048,656 98,435		61	\$	1,227,755 8,990 197,180 1,418,392 121,821 285,535 18,465 194 1,048,656 98,435			
\$	4,425,362	\$	61	\$	4,425,423			
\$	(973,871) 41,414,789	\$	1,319 50,118	\$	(972,552) 41,464,907			
\$	40,440,918	\$	51,437	\$	40,492,355			

GRAVES COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

GRAVES COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

	 General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Tund	Deve	ustrial lopment und		Jail Escrow Fund
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 758,937	_\$	147,008	\$	420	\$	656	\$_	395,218
Total Assets	\$ 758,937	\$	147,008	\$	420	\$	656	\$	395,218
FUND BALANCES Unreserved:				•					
General Fund	\$ 758,937	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund			147,008		420		656		395,218
Total Fund Balances	\$ 758,937	\$	147,008	\$	420	\$	656	\$	395,218

GRAVES COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Building mmission Fund	Non- Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$ 399,530 399,530	\$ 31,272 31,272	\$	1,733,041 1,733,041
\$	\$ 21.050	\$	758,937
399,530	31,272		574,574 399,530
\$ 399,530	\$ 31,272	\$	1,733,041

Reconciliation of The Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to The Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	\$ 1,733,041
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	142,462,751
Accumulated Depreciation	(99,670,491)
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	
Due Within One Year - Bonds and Financing Obligation Principal	(1,050,395)
Due In More Than One Year - Bonds and Financing Obligation Principal	(3,033,988)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 40,440,918

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

		General Fund	Road Fund				Industrial Developmen Fund	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	2,852,317	\$		\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments		121,821						
Excess Fees		285,535						
Licenses and Permits		100,476						
Intergovernmental		347,316		1,914,306		293,299		
Charges for Services						20,410		
Miscellaneous		102,956		1,432		7,476		901,350
Interest		1,497		769		25		
Total Revenues	\$	3,811,918	\$	1,916,507	\$	321,210	\$	901,350
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	\$	797,504	\$		\$		\$	584,799
Protection to Persons and Property		172,219				1,215,646		
General Health and Sanitation		47,394						
Social Services		14,926						
Recreation and Culture		124,620						
Roads				779,149				
Airports		13,914						
Debt Service				36,120				316,469
Capital Projects		252,192		2,147,005				
Administration		984,359		82,112		144,705		
Total Expenditures	\$	2,407,128	\$	3,044,386	\$	1,360,351	\$	901,268
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)	_\$_	1,404,790	_\$_	(1,127,879)	_\$_	(1,039,141)	\$	82
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•							
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	\$		\$	595,315	\$		\$	
Financing Obligation Proceeds				146,736				
Transfers From Other Funds		920,000		540,400		1,034,000		
Transfers To Other Funds		(1,831,550)		(60,000)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(911,550)	\$	1,222,451	\$	1,034,000	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	493,240	\$	94,572	\$	(5,141)	\$	82
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	~	265,697	~	52,436	~	5,561	~	574
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	758,937	\$	147,008	\$	420	\$	656
-	-		=				===	

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

	Jail Escrow Fund	Building Commission Fund		Non- Major Funds		Go	Total evernmental Funds
\$		\$		\$		\$	2,852,317 121,821
							285,535
							100,476
	782,351				43,982		3,381,254
			233,634				254,044
							1,013,214
_	624		15,415		74		18,404
\$	782,975	_\$_	249,049	_\$_	44,056		8,027,065
\$		\$		\$		\$	1,382,303
Ф		Ф		Ф	310,270	Ф	1,698,135
					310,270		47,394
							14,926
							124,620
							779,149
							13,914
			386,873				739,462
							2,399,197
	3,410		1,703		7,169		1,223,458
\$	3,410	\$	388,576	\$	317,439	\$	8,422,558
\$	779,565	_\$	(139,527)	_\$_	(273,383)	_\$_	(395,493)
\$		\$		\$		\$	595,315 146,736
			143,281		281,150		2,918,831
	(1,027,281)						(2,918,831)
\$	(1,027,281)	\$	143,281	\$	281,150	\$	742,051
\$	(247,716)	\$	3,754	\$	7,767	\$	346,558
_	642,934		395,776		23,505		1,386,483
<u>\$</u>	395,218	<u>\$</u>	399,530	\$	31,272	\$	1,733,041

GRAVES COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAVES COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds to The Statement of Activities:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 346,558
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report	
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of	
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Disposal of Net Assets	(496,880)
Capital Outlay	2,399,197
Depreciation Expense	(3,615,752)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides	
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal	
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental	
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(146,736)
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	269,742
Bond Payments	 270,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	 (973,871)

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2006

	Ac En	ness-Type tivities - terprise Fund
	_	Jail anteen Fund
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	51,437
Total Current Assets	\$	51,437
Total Assets		51,437
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	\$	51,437
Total Net Assets	\$	51,437

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	C	Jail Canteen Fund	
Operating Revenues			
Canteen Receipts	\$	134,327	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	134,327	
Operating Expenses Commissary Supplies Educational and Recreational	\$	70,671 4,282	
Miscellaneous		11,915	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	86,868	
Operating Income (Loss)	_\$	47,459	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Income	\$	61	
Room and Board		(36,993)	
Inmate Refunds		(9,208)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues			
(Expenses)	_\$	(46,140)	
Change In Net Assets Total Net Assets - Beginning	\$	1,319 50,118	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	51,437	

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GRAVES COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts From Customers	\$	134,327	
Educational and Recreational		(4,282)	
Commissary Supplies		(70,671)	
Miscellaneous		(11,915)	
Net Cash Provided By			
Operating Activities		47,459	
Cash Flows From Noncapital			
Financing Activities			
Room and Board	\$	(36,993)	
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(9,208)	
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital			
Financing Activities	_\$	(46,201)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Interest Earned	\$	61	
Net Cash Provided By			
Investing Activities	\$	61	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash			
Equivalents	\$	1,319	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2005		50,118	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2006		51,437	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_		
Operating Income		47,459	
Net Cash Provided By Operating			
Activities	\$	47,459	

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GRAVES COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Graves County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Building Commission Fund

This fund accounts for the debt service requirements of refunding bonds of the County as a Debt Service Fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest. The Governor's Office for Local Development does not require the County to report or budget these funds. However, the County decided to include the Building Commission Fund as part of the primary government as a blended component unit of the county.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Graves County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Graves County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Graves County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Escrow Fund – The purpose of this fund is to account for debt service requirements of general obligation bonds of the fiscal court.

Building Commission Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for debt service payments for the Courthouse renovation and Jail renovation projects for 1996. The Governor's Office for Local Development does not require the fiscal court to report or budget these funds.

Industrial Development Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for industrial development activities within the county.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Disaster and Emergency Services Fund, Adult and Juvenile Housing Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Jail Escrow Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Disaster and Emergency Services Fund, Adult and Juvenile Housing Fund, and Industrial Development Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Debt Service Funds:

The Graves County Building Commission Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

E. Deposits

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization		Useful Life	
	Threshold		(Years)	
Land Improvements	\$	25,000	10-60	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	50,000	10-75	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25	
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	25,000	10-50	

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity (Continued)

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Jail Canteen Fund or the Building Commission Fund to be budgeted.

J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Graves County Fiscal Court: Consumers Water District, South Graves Water District, Hickory Water District, Hardeman Water District, Fancy Farm Water District, and Symsonia Water District.

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based upon these criteria, the following is considered a joint venture of the Graves County Fiscal Court: Mayfield-Graves County Parks and Recreation, Mayfield-Graves County Ambulance Service, Mayfield-Graves County Senior Citizens, Graves Growth Alliance, Inc., and Purchase Area Regional Industrial Authority.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations (Continued)

Mayfield-Graves County Parks and Recreation

The Graves County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial responsibility for the Mayfield-Graves County Parks and Recreation. The Mayfield-Graves County Parks and Recreation is a joint venture between Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield "to provide a centralized recreational facilities" within the county and the city. The Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield are each responsible for fifty percent of the basic administration included in the budget of the Mayfield-Graves County Parks and Recreation. During fiscal year 2006, the Fiscal Court paid the Mayfield-Graves County Parks and Recreation \$50,620.

Mayfield-Graves County Ambulance Service

The Graves County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial responsibility for the Mayfield-Graves County Ambulance Service. The Mayfield-Graves County Ambulance Service is a joint venture between Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield "to provide a medical services" within the county and city. The Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield are each responsible for fifty percent of the basic administration included in the budget of the Mayfield-Graves County Ambulance Service.

Mayfield-Graves County Senior Citizens

The Graves County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial responsibility for the Mayfield-Graves County Senior Citizens. The Mayfield-Graves County Senior Citizens is a joint venture between Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield "to provide a centralized recreational facilities for the elderly" within the county and the city. The Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield are each responsible for fifty percent of the basic administration included in the budget of the Mayfield-Graves County Senior Citizens. During fiscal year 2006, the Fiscal Court paid the Mayfield-Graves County Parks and Recreation \$7,500.

Graves Growth Alliance, Inc.

The Graves County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial responsibility for the Graves Growth Alliance, Inc. The Graves Growth Alliance, Inc. is a joint venture between Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield. The Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield are each responsible for fifty percent of the basic administration included in the budget of the Graves Growth Alliance, Inc.

Purchase Area Regional Industrial Authority

The Graves County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial responsibility for the Purchase Area Regional Industrial Authority. The Purchase Area Regional Industrial Authority is a joint venture between Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield "for the purpose of acquiring and developing land and marketing sites to stimulate and promote economic development in the county". The Fiscal Court and the City of Mayfield are each responsible for fifty percent of the basic administration included in the budget of the Purchase Area Regional Industrial Authority.

Note 2. Deposits

A. Deposits

The primary government and component units maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480 (1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Graves County Fiscal Court does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41,240(4). As of June 30, 2006, all deposits of the primary government were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement. However, as of February 28, 2006, the collateral and FDIC insurance together did not equal or exceed the amount on deposit leaving \$145,032 of the bank balance of 2,558,912 exposed to custodial credit risk.

• Uninsured and unsecured -\$145,032

• Note 3. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity							
		Beginning					Ending	
Primary Government:	Balance Increases		Decreases		Balance			
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	•	07/070	•		4			
Land and Land Improvements	_\$	276,270	_\$_		_\$_		_\$	276,270
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated	_\$	276,270	\$		_\$_		_\$	276,270
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	12,900,300					\$	12,900,300
Other Equipment	Ψ	306,584					Ψ	306,584
Vehicles and Equipment		1,832,068		957,665		(533,032)		2,256,701
Infrastructure		125,281,364		1,441,532		(333,032)		126,722,896
Total Capital Assets Being	_	123,281,304		1,771,002				120,722,690
Depreciated	\$	140,320,316	\$	2,399,197	\$	(533,032)	Φ	140 106 401
Depreciated	Ф	140,320,310	Ф	2,399,197	Φ	(333,032)	Ф	142,186,481
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings		(5,952,352)		(147,331)				(6,099,683)
Other Equipment		(195,072)		(14,990)				(210,062)
Vehicles and Equipment		(940,287)		(176,378)		36,152		(1,080,513)
Infrastructure		(89,003,180)		(3,277,053)		,		(92,280,233)
								, , , , , , , , ,
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(96,090,891)	\$	(3,615,752)	\$	36,152	_\$_	(99,670,491)
Total Capital Assets, Being				_		_		
Depreciated, Net	\$	44,229,425	\$	(1,216,555)	\$	(496,880)	\$	42,515,990
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	_\$	44,505,695	\$	(1,216,555)	\$	(496,880)	\$	42,792,260

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 75,750
Protection to Persons and Property	127,693
Recreation and Culture	69,920
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	3,342,389

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities \$ 3,615,752

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Courthouse Facility First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1996A

On December 1, 1996 the Graves County Building Commission issued first mortgage refunding revenue bonds, series 1996A in the amount of \$2,555,000 for the purpose of discharging the outstanding bond series 1990 and 1991 Court Facilities Project. The Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) agreed to pay \$233,000 annually for the principal and interest of these bonds directly to the paying agent. If the payment from AOC is not sufficient to meet the principal and interest requirements of the bonds, the county is liable of the remainder.

Bond principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2006 are:

Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	Principal		Interest		
-					
2007	\$	160,000	\$	65,340	
2008		170,000		57,420	
2009		175,000		49,005	
2010		185,000		40,343	
2011		195,000		31,185	
2012-2015		435,000		21,533	
Totals	_\$_	1,320,000	_\$_	264,826	

B. Detention Facility First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1996B

On December 1, 1996, the Graves County Building Commission issued first mortgage refunding revenue bonds, series 1996B in the amount of \$1,700,000 for the purpose of discharging the outstanding bond series 1991 Detention Facilities Project. The Graves County Building Commission and Graves County have entered into an annually renewable lease, dated December 1, 1996, wherein Graves County will lease from the Graves County Building Commission the project and project site, at an agreed rental, the proceeds of which will be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds.

Bond principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2006 are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>F</u>	rincipal	Interest		
2007	\$	125,000	\$	37,995	
2008		130,000		31,620	
2009		135,000		24,990	
2010		140,000		18,105	
2011		145,000		10,965	
2012		70,000		3,570	
Totals		745,000	\$	127,245	

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

C. Road Trucks

On March 1, 2004, the Graves County Fiscal Court entered into a \$480,000 financing obligation agreement at a rate of 3.25 percent to purchase six (6) trucks for the road department.

Future principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2006 are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	Interest & Fees					
2007	\$	480,000	\$	16,700				
Totals	\$	480,000	\$	16,700				

D. Wastewater Treatment Facility

On February 1, 1990, the Graves County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) in order to construct a wastewater treatment facility for Pilgrims Pride (formerly known as Seaboard Farms, Inc.). The Graves County Fiscal Court also entered into an agreement with Pilgrims Pride for rental payments equal to the loan payments. However, if the rental payments from Pilgrims Pride are not sufficient to pay loan payments, the Graves County Fiscal Court is liable.

Future principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2006 are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Principal	 Interest
2007	\$ 220,487	\$ 41,752
2008	228,272	33,523
2009	236,331	25,003
2010	244,675	16,182
2011	 253,315	 7,049
Totals	\$ 1,183,080	\$ 123,509

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

E. Wastewater Treatment Facility

On December 1, 1995, the Graves County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Infrastructure Authority (KIA) in order to construct a wastewater treatment facility for Recycled Paper Shavings, Inc. The Graves County Fiscal Court also entered into an agreement with Recycled Paper Shavings, Inc. for rental payments equal to the loan payments. However, if the rental payments from Recycled Paper Shavings, Inc. are not sufficient to pay loan payments, the Graves County Fiscal Court is liable.

Future principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2006 are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u></u>	Principal	 Interest
2007	\$	46,460	\$ 7,218
2008		47,978	5,607
2009		49,545	3,943
2010		51,163	2,225
2011		26,204	 452
Totals	_\$_	221,350	\$ 19,445

F. Excavator

On October 10, 2005, the Graves County Fiscal Court entered into a \$146,725 lease agreement at a rate of 5.25 percent to purchase a road excavator for the road department. The principal balance as of June 30, 2006 is \$134,953.

Future principal and interest requirements as of June 30, 2006 are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest
2007	\$	18,448	\$	6,645
2008		19,440		5,653
2009		20,485		4,608
2010 2011		21,587 22,748		3,506 2,345
2012		32,245		1,213
Totals	\$	134,953	\$	23,970

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

G. Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	I	Beginning Balance	A	Additions	Re	eductions		Ending Balance	 ue Within One Year
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:									
Revenue Refunding Bonds Financing Obligations	\$	2,335,000 2,142,389	\$	146,736	\$	270,000 269,742	\$ <u>\$</u>	2,065,000 2,019,383	\$ 285,000 765,395
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	_\$_	4,477,389	_\$_	146,736	_\$_	539,742	· _\$_	4,084,383	\$ 1,050,395

Note 5. Interest On Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Interest on Long-term Debt on the Statement of Activities includes \$82,847 in interest on financing obligations and \$116,873 in interest on bonds and notes.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 10.98 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 25.01 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 7. Deferred Compensation

The Graves County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

Note 7. Deferred Compensation (Continued)

These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, Graves County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 9. Prior Period Adjustments

The General Fund balance of \$758,937 has been adjusted to include prior year voided checks in the amount of \$12,685 for a prior period adjustment. Also, the General Fund had a certificate of deposit that was previously not included in the fund balance in the amount of \$1,254. The Road Fund Balance of \$147,008 has been adjusted to include prior year voided checks in the amount of \$200 for a prior period adjustment. The Jail Fund balance of \$420 has been adjusted to include prior period voided checks in the amount of \$445 for a prior period adjustment. The Adult and Juvenile Housing Fund balance has been adjusted to include prior year voided checks in the amount of \$13,634 for a prior period adjustment.

Note 10. Conduit Bond Issue

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, Graves County along with TLC Lighting, Inc. issued a conduit bond for industrial development. Graves County is not liable for the repayment of this bond issue.

GRAVES COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

GRAVES COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

				GENER	AL	FUND		
		Budgeted	Am		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
DEVENIUS		Original		Final	_	Basis)		Negative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$	2,620,000	\$	2 0/1 000	\$	2 052 217	\$	11 217
In Lieu Tax Payments	Φ	108,000	Ф	2,841,000 122,000	Φ	2,852,317 121,821	Φ	11,317 (179)
Excess Fees		226,611		253,611		285,535		31,924
Licenses and Permits		89,500		100,400		100,476		76
Intergovernmental Revenue		97,400		346,770		347,316		70 546
Miscellaneous		71,800		106,800		102,956		(3,844)
Interest		500		500		1,497		(3,844)
Total Revenues	\$	3,213,811	\$	3,771,081	\$	3,811,918	\$	40,837
Total revolues	Ψ	3,213,611	Ψ.	3,771,001	Ψ	3,011,710	Ψ	70,037
EXPENDITURES								
General Government	\$	699,243	\$	980,273	\$	797,504	\$	182,769
Protection to Persons and Property		95,831		234,381		172,219		62,162
General Health and Sanitation		25,000		34,826		47,394		(12,568)
Social Services		11,200		16,700		14,926		1,774
Recreation and Culture		109,000		124,620		124,620		
Airports		15,000		15,000		13,914		1,086
Capital Projects						252,192		(252,192)
Administration		848,538		955,282		984,359		(29,077)
Total Expenditures	\$	1,803,812	\$	2,361,082	\$	2,407,128	\$	(46,046)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	1,409,999	_\$_	1,409,999	_\$_	1,404,790	\$	(5,209)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Financing Obligation Proceeds		•						
Transfers From Other Funds	\$	441,140	\$	441,140	\$	920,000	\$	478,860
Transfers To Other Funds	_	(2,374,139)	_	(2,374,139)	•	(1,831,550)	-	542,589
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(1,932,999)	\$	(1,932,999)	\$	(911,550)	\$	1,021,449
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$	(523,000)	\$	(523,000)	\$	493,240	\$	1,016,240
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	-	523,000	L	523,000		265,697		(257,303)
Fund Balance - Ending		0		0	\$	758,937	\$	758,937

				ROA	D F	UND		
		Budgeted	An	ounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary		ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis)		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,514,535	\$	1,910,535	\$	1,914,306	\$	3,771
Miscellaneous		200		597,200		1,432		(595,768)
Interest	_			1,000		769		(231)
Total Revenues		1,514,735	<u>\$</u>	2,508,735	_\$	1,916,507	_\$_	(592,228)
EXPENDITURES								
Roads	\$	2,431,910	\$	2,591,417	\$	779,149	\$	1,812,268
Debt Service		44,000		604,000		36,120		567,880
Capital Projects						2,147,005		(2,147,005)
Administration		87,173		414,666		82,112		332,554
Total Expenditures	\$	2,563,083	\$	3,610,083	\$	3,044,386	\$	565,697
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								,
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)	_\$	(1,048,348)	_\$	(1,101,348)	_\$_	(1,127,879)	\$	(26,531)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						•		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	\$		\$		\$	595,315	\$	595,315
Borrowed Money						146,736	,	146,736
Transfers To Other Funds						(60,000)		(60,000)
Transfers From Other Funds		1,048,348		1,048,348		540,400		(507,948)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	1,048,348	\$	1,048,348	\$	1,222,451	\$	174,103
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(53,000)	\$	94,572	\$	147,572
Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)				53,000		52,436	_	(564)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	_\$	147,008	\$	147,008

			JAIL	FL	ND		
	 Budgeted Original	Aır	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	 	_					8/
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 216,725	\$	295,725	\$	293,299	\$	(2,426)
Charges for Services	15,000		19,700		20,410		710
Miscellaneous	20,000		20,000		7,476		(12,524)
Interest			•		25		25
Total Revenues	\$ 251,725	\$	335,425	\$	321,210	\$	(14,215)
EXPENDITURES							
Protection to Persons and Property	\$ 1,117,657	\$	1,267,182	\$	1,215,646	\$	51,536
Administration	144,927		85,102		144,705		(59,603)
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,262,584	\$	1,352,284	\$	1,360,351	\$	(8,067)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (1,010,859)	_\$	(1,016,859)	_\$	(1,039,141)	\$	(22,282)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers From Other Funds	\$ 1,010,859	\$	1,010,859	\$	1,034,000	\$	23,141
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 1,010,859	\$	1,010,859	\$	1,034,000	\$	23,141
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning (Restated)	\$ 	\$	(6,000) 6,000	\$	(5,141) 5,561	\$	859 (439)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0		0		420	\$	420

		·····		JAIL ESC	RO	W FUND		
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue Interest	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	782,351 624	\$	182,351 624
Total Revenues	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	782,975	\$	182,975
EXPENDITURES	ď.	150 070	æ	150 070	•		Ф	150.060
Debt Service Administration	\$	158,860	\$	158,860	\$	2.410	\$	158,860
	\$	150.060	- dr	150.060		3,410	\$	(3,410)
Total Expenditures	<u> </u>	158,860	_\$_	158,860	_\$	3,410	<u> </u>	155,450
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	441,140	\$	441,140	\$	779,565	\$	338,425
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(441,140)		(441,140)		(1,027,281)		(586,141)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_\$_	(441,140)	_\$_	(441,140)	_\$	(1,027,281)	_\$	(586,141)
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning	\$		\$		\$	(247,716) 642,934	\$	(247,716) 642,934
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	395,218	\$	395,218

		IN	DUS	TRIAL DE	VEL	OPMENT I	UND		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Miscellaneous	_\$_	316,439	\$	901,504	_\$_	901,350	\$	(154)	
Total Revenues	\$	316,439	\$	901,504	\$	901,350	\$	(154)	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government	\$		\$	585,000	\$	584,799	\$	201	
Debt Service				316,504		316,469		35	
Capital Projects		316,439							
Administration				600				600	
Total Expenditures	\$	316,439	\$	902,104	\$	901,268	\$	836	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)				(600)	\$	82	_\$	682	
Net Changes in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning	\$		\$	(600) 600	\$	82 574	\$	682 (26)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	_\$_	0	\$	656	\$	656	

GRAVES COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2006

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

GRAVES COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2006

GRAVES COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2006

		LGEA Fund	DES Fund	Ju Ho	ult & venile using und	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	25,516	\$ 5,057	\$	699	\$	31,272	
Total Assets	\$	25,516	\$ 5,057	\$	699	\$	31,272	
FUND BALANCES								
Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds	_\$_	25,516	\$ 5,057	\$	699	_\$	31,272	
Total Fund Balances	\$	25,516	\$ 5,057	\$	699	\$	31,272	

GRAVES COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

GRAVES COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

	LGEA Fund		DES Fund		Adult & Juvenile Housing Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	24,996	\$	18,986	\$		\$	43,982
Interest		27		6		41		74
Total Revenues	\$	25,023	\$	18,992	\$	41	\$	44,056
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property	\$		\$	35,623	\$	274,647	\$	310,270
Administration	•		-	7,169	,	,	•	7,169
Total Expenditures	\$		\$	42,792	\$	274,647	\$	317,439
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)	\$	25,023	_\$_	(23,800)	\$	(274,606)	_\$_	(273,383)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds	\$		\$	19,500	\$	261,650	\$	281,150
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	19,500	\$	261,650	\$	281,150
Not Change in Fund Delevers	ø	05.000	¢	(4 200)	ø	(12.056)	ď	7767
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	25,023	\$	(4,300)	\$	(12,956)	\$	7,767
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated) Fund Balances - Ending	•	493 25,516	\$	9,357	\$	13,655	\$	23,505
ruiu Dalaices - Eliulig	φ	23,310	Φ	5,057	<u> </u>	099	<u> </u>	31,272

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Krista Romaine, CPA, Member Charlotte Clark, Member



William Erwin, CPA Van R. Prince, CPA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The Honorable Tony Smith, Graves County Judge/Executive Members of the Graves County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements
Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Graves County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2007. Graves County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Graves County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be considered to be material weaknesses.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operations that we considered to be a material weakness.

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Graves County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of material noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

AICPA KSCPA TSCPA

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Krista Romaine, CPA

Krista Romaine, CPA Romaine & Associates, PLLC

January 29, 2007

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

GRAVES COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

GRAVES COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The Graves County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received form the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Vame

County Judge/Executive

Name

County Treasurer